

NAG C Library Function Document

dtrmm (f06yfc)

1 Purpose

dtrmm (f06yfc) performs one of the matrix-matrix operations

$$\begin{aligned} B &\leftarrow \alpha AB, & B &\leftarrow \alpha A^T B, \\ B &\leftarrow \alpha BA \text{ or } & B &\leftarrow \alpha B A^T, \end{aligned}$$

where B is an m by n real matrix, A is a real triangular matrix, and α is a real scalar.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
```

```
#include <nagf06.h>
```

```
void dtrmm (OperationSide side, MatrixTriangle uplo, MatrixTranspose transa,
           MatrixUnitTriangular diag, Integer m, Integer n, double alpha,
           const double a[], Integer tda, double b[], Integer tdb)
```

3 Arguments

- 1: **side** – OperationSide *Input*
On entry: specifies whether B is operated on from the left or the right, as follows:
 - if **side** = **LeftSide**, B is pre-multiplied from the left;
 - if **side** = **RightSide**, B is post-multiplied from the right.*Constraint:* **side** = **LeftSide** or **RightSide**.

- 2: **uplo** – MatrixTriangle *Input*
On entry: specifies whether A upper or lower triangular as follows:
 - if **uplo** = **UpperTriangle**, A is upper triangular;
 - if **uplo** = **LowerTriangle**, A is lower triangular.*Constraint:* **uplo** = **UpperTriangle** or **LowerTriangle**.

- 3: **transa** – MatrixTranspose *Input*
On entry: specifies whether the operation involves A or A^T , as follows:
 - if **transa** = **NoTranspose**, it involves A ;
 - if **transa** = **Transpose** or **ConjugateTranspose**, it involves A^T .*Constraint:* **transa** = **NoTranspose**, **Transpose** or **ConjugateTranspose**.

- 4: **diag** – MatrixUnitTriangular *Input*
On entry: specifies whether A has non-unit or unit diagonal elements, as follows:
 - if **diag** = **NotUnitTriangular**, the diagonal elements are stored explicitly;
 - if **diag** = **UnitTriangular**, the diagonal elements are assumed to be 1, and are not referenced.*Constraint:* **diag** = **NotUnitTriangular** or **UnitTriangular**.

- 5: **m** – Integer *Input*
On entry: m , the number of rows of the matrix B ; the order of A if **side** = **LeftSide**.
Constraint: **m** \geq 0.

- 6: **n** – Integer *Input*
On entry: n , the number of columns of the matrix B ; the order of A if **side** = **RightSide**.
Constraint: $n \geq 0$.
- 7: **alpha** – double *Input*
On entry: the scalar α .
- 8: **a**[\times **tda**] – const double *Input*
On entry: the triangular matrix A .
side = **LeftSide**
 A is m by m .
side = **RightSide**
 n by n .
uplo = **UpperTriangle**
 A is upper triangular and the elements of the array below the diagonal are not referenced.
uplo = **LowerTriangle**
 A is lower triangular and the elements of the array above the diagonal are not referenced.
diag = **UnitTriangular**
The diagonal elements of A are not referenced, but are assumed to be 1.
- 9: **tda** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the second dimension of the array **a** as declared in the function from which `dtmm` (`f06yfc`) is called.
Constraint: **tda** $\geq \max(1, m)$ if **side** = **LeftSide**; **tda** $\geq \max(1, n)$ if **side** = **RightSide**.
- 10: **b**[\times **tdb**] – double *Input/Output*
On entry: the m by n matrix B . If **alpha** = 0, **b** need not be set.
On exit: the updated matrix B .
- 11: **tdb** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the second dimension of the array **b** as declared in the function from which `dtmm` (`f06yfc`) is called.
Constraint: **tdb** $\geq \max(1, n)$.

4 Error Indicators and Warnings

If a function is called with an invalid argument then an error message is output on `stderr`, giving the name of the function and the number of the first invalid argument, and execution is terminated.
